UAS Othoimagety

UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS HIGH RESOLUTION ORTHORECTIFIED AERIAL IMAGERY

STATEMENT OF CAPABILITIES

We deploy Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) outfitted with Micro Four Thirds camera sensor technology and various lens configurations to capture images in a wide range of remote or complex environments.



Brice ENGINEERING

An Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS), commonly referred to as a drone, makes it possible to collect data through standard remote sensing technologies without the risks and costs associated with traditional aerial imagery

UAS Orthoimagery services

sites is now an affordable option, thanks to advancements in unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) technology and digital photogrammetry. These technological advancements allow for the creation of centimeter pixel resolution imagery with much greater detail than that found in satellite imagery and traditional aerial imagery. In fact, UAS orthoimagery can contain over 10,000 pixels within the space of a single satellite imagery pixel. That means through UAS orthoimagery, actual ground conditions are visible to the naked eye—we can now see things that were not previously distinguishable in satellite imagery.

Highly detailed aerial imagery for project The USGS definition states: "Orthoimagery data typically are high resolution aerial images that combine the visual attributes of an aerial photograph with the spatial accuracy and reliability of a planimetric map".

> Through orthorectification of UAS aerial imagery a constant scale is generated, where features are displayed in their "true", or planimetrically correct position. The UAS orthoimage can then be georeferenced to survey data on the ground, resulting in an accurate dataset.





While small excavations, fuel storage tanks, pipelines and other key site features may be indistinguishable via satellite imagery UAS technology makes them easily visible

WHY YOU SHOULD INCORPORATE UAS **AERIAL IMAGERY**

UAS orthoimagery can add tremendous value for project scoping, planning, and execution, as well as ongoing site monitoring, especially at small remote sites for which very poor historical aerial and satellite imagery currently exists, if at all. With UAS orthoimagery, we can now document site conditions before, during and after fieldwork at minimal cost. Further, orthorectification and georeferencing give you confidence that the image coordinates of a site feature are a true representation of its ground location. Lastly, image processing turnaround time is minimal, allowing you to use the imagery in near real time to track progress and make decisions on a more timely basis.

FEATURES

Reduces safety risks by performing remotely operated data collection

Detailed Data

More detailed site data

Accurate Data

Safety

Feature location, ground conditions, etc.

Accurate Estimating Ability to more accurately estimate material quantities on the ground (for example: removal actions, backfilling, road materials, etc.)

BENEFITS

- ✓ Does not need qualified pilot on
- Can enter environments that are dangerous to human life
- Access hard-to-reach places
- Enhances project scoping, planning, and estimating
- Decreases downtime and
- Reduces project risk Reduces planning and execution costs
- Avoids project cost overruns Reduces risk of field data gaps
- Supports accurate cost estimating and planning for field production

REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE USE OF

Commercial operation of small UAS is now regulated by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), under Title 14 of CFR, part 107. Brice's UAS operators carry the necessary FAA remote airmen endorsement, and are familiar with part 107 regulations. Many UAS flight restrictions still exist, but waivers may be obtained as needed.

UAS SERVICES

with minimal additional project costs. We utilize a large-format, Micro Four Thirds (MFT) 16-megapixel camera on our UAS to
Thermal Infrared imaging and mapping outfitted on the camera, to apply the focal length most suitable to site conditions.

- Brice self-performs UAS orthoimagery Morthorectified aerial imagery
 - ▶ 4k high-definition video and oblique imagery
- capture imagery. Different lenses can be Remote inspection of civil infrastructure, such as towers and bridges
 - Digital terrain modeling and volume estimating
 - Project site monitoring

Capabilities

HIGH RESOLUTION AERIAL MAPPING

- Centimeter resolution orthorectified aerial
- High accuracy georeferencing
- Surface modeling and topographic measurements
- Material quantity estimating

SITE DOCUMENTATION

- Oblique photography
- High definition video Change detection and site monitoring
- Remote infrastructure inspection

FAA REMOTE PILOT **ENDORSEMENT**

Multiple pilot endorsements Approximately 100 flight hours with no reportable incidents

FEATURED Projects

Saint George Harbor Breakwater Repair, Alaska. This highly complex project involved using mechanical equipment to place over 10,200 cubic yards of 6-12 ton Armor rock on a breakwater.

- Estimated armor rock quantities daily, ensured construction aligned with engineering model
- Assisted stakeholders with decision-making through high resolution imagery when site visits were not possible due to the remote
- Reduced safety hazard and risk of putting individuals in a dangerous environment when site conditions were not amenable for traditional surveying due to 10-20 foot

Alaska Army National Guard, Federal Scout Readiness Center Remedial Investigation, Emmonak, Alaska. Emmonak lies 120 air miles northwest of Bethel and 490 air miles from Anchorage in the remote Yukon Delta National Wildlife Refuge.

Provided highly accurate and detailed imagery of site for reporting and capturing current site conditions and features not visible in satellite imagery

Federal Aviation Administration, North Dutch Island VHF Station Release Investigation and Interim Removal Action, Prince William Sound, Alaska. Removed and disposed of approximately 300 cubic yards of petroleum contaminated soil at North Dutch Island located within the Chugach National Forest, 32 miles east of Whittier in Prince William Sound and northeast of Perry Island.

Provided very accurate basemap that aligned seamlessly with survey data

Captured site conditions after demolition and remediation detailing the work completed

Federal Aviation Administration, Infrastructure Removal and Investigation, Chirikof Island, Alaska. The project was performed at a site requiring complex mobilization and demobilization logistics by barge only.

- Generated highly detailed topographic and accurate site basemaps capturing features not visible in available satellite or traditional higher-altitude aerial imagery
- Employed surface modeling to estimate soil and debris quantities for removal

Federal Aviation Administration, Bench-Scale Pilot Study and Feasibility Study, Puntilla Lake, Alaska. This is a pilot study of in-situ chemical oxidation at one site and an evaluation of phase-separated product recovery at another site in a remote location with very limited logistical support.

- Generated highly detailed topographic and site basemaps that captured features not visible in available satellite or traditional higher-altitude aerial imagery
- Documented the precise location and detail of a small excavation

Air Force Civil Engineering Center, Wake Island Air Field Repair Water Distribution System, Wake Island Atoll. Wake is one of the most isolated islands in the world, and is primarily used as a mid-Pacific refueling stop and emergency landing area.

Processed imagery aligned precisely with available as-built maps that enriched the as-built with additional detail and information













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